





Evidence to improve youth and women's rural employment in the Middle East and North Africa



Foreword

Youth unemployment rates in most North African and Arab State countries are a cause for deep concern. In 2017, 22.2 percent of young people (aged 15-24) in the Arab States were unemployed while in North Africa, the rate is 29.3 percent. Only 13.5 percent of female youth in Arab States even participate in the labour force, the lowest mark of any region globally. In rural areas, where low productivity and poor quality jobs are more common, women make up the majority of the agricultural workforce.

The partnership between ILO and IFAD in tackling unemployment among women and youth in rural areas has a long history. It started in 2008 under the project "Unleashing the Potential of Rural Youth through Decent and Productive Work" whose objective was to strengthen research, data and policy advice on the global unemployment challenge. This then gave rise to a unique partnership between IFAD's Near East and North Africa Division and ILO's Youth Employment Programme in 2015 called the "Taqeem Initiative". The jointly financed three-year partnership was dedicated to strengthening gender monitoring and evaluation in rural employment in the Middle East and North Africa. In the context of the 2030 Agenda, the Taqeem Initiative responds directly to the growing demand from governments looking to draw on United Nations experience and expertise, as they build and adapt their policy and institutional frameworks for achieving the SDGs. The project supported IFAD's objectives for its grants, in particular its focus on innovation, awareness raising around gender, capacity development for programme management and learning. The project also supported IFAD's major strategic cross cutting concern; that of gender mainstreaming, which is promoted through integration of gender aspects in M&E systems and evaluations.

The key outcomes of the project include the building of a multi-stakeholder "Taqeem Community of Practice", made up of 17 organizations. Together, the CoP members reach over 40,000 women and youth across the region. The project was also instrumental in reducing evidence gaps in the region through the production of eleven impact studies that used rigorous research techniques to understand "what works" in rural employment interventions.

This brochure presents the main achievements of the "Taqeem Initiative" and serves as a reference for readers to access the tools, technical resources and evidence produced under the project. The project is a significant milestone at heart of a strategic partnership between the two organizations, and their partners, in promoting decent jobs for rural youth: an objective enshrined in the Global Initiative on Decent Jobs for Youth, championed by the ILO, and IFAD's Rural Youth Action Plan (RYAP), 2019–2021.



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Tageem Initiative strategy



The Taqeem Initiative is a capacity development and learning project that aims to understand "what works" in the promotion of youth and gender mainstreaming, with the ultimate goal of reaching gender equality in rural employment outcomes across the MENA region. The strategy behind the project relies on 3 interlinked and iterative components: capacity development, impact research and evidence uptake and

policy dialogue. Special attention is paid to measuring women's empowerment through the Women's Empowerment in Agriculture Index (WEAI).

Jordan, Egypt and Morocco were selected as pilot countries for the policy dialogue component of the project.

CAPACITY DEVELOPMENT:

Build a critical mass of results measurement and evaluation expertise



17 organizations

are members of the Taqeem Community of Practice (CoP)



40,200 young women and men

served by CoP members



6 organizations

received Participatory Gender Audit facilitator certification



8 courses

on impact evaluation in youth and women's employment



269 certified

labour market practitioners and policy makers trained on impact evaluation



377 members

of the Taqeem knowledge sharing portal

Guide on Measuring Decent Jobs for Youth: Monitoring, evaluation and learning in labour market programmes

The seven part volume is the first comprehensive manual to evaluating, monitoring and learning in labour market programmes targeting young people.

The Guide aims to equip practitioners and policymakers with a full set of concepts and tools needed to make informed decisions about how to best formulate, measure and evaluate youth employment programmes. It contributes to the evidence base for "what works" in youth employment and thereby advances the goals of the 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development.

The guide is designed to accompany Taquem's impact evaluation courses, which use an experiential approach to learning by integrating participant experience with expert mentoring. In-depth case studies are provided at the end of each chapter to ensure theory is applied to practice.

Access the Guide at www.ilo.org/youth















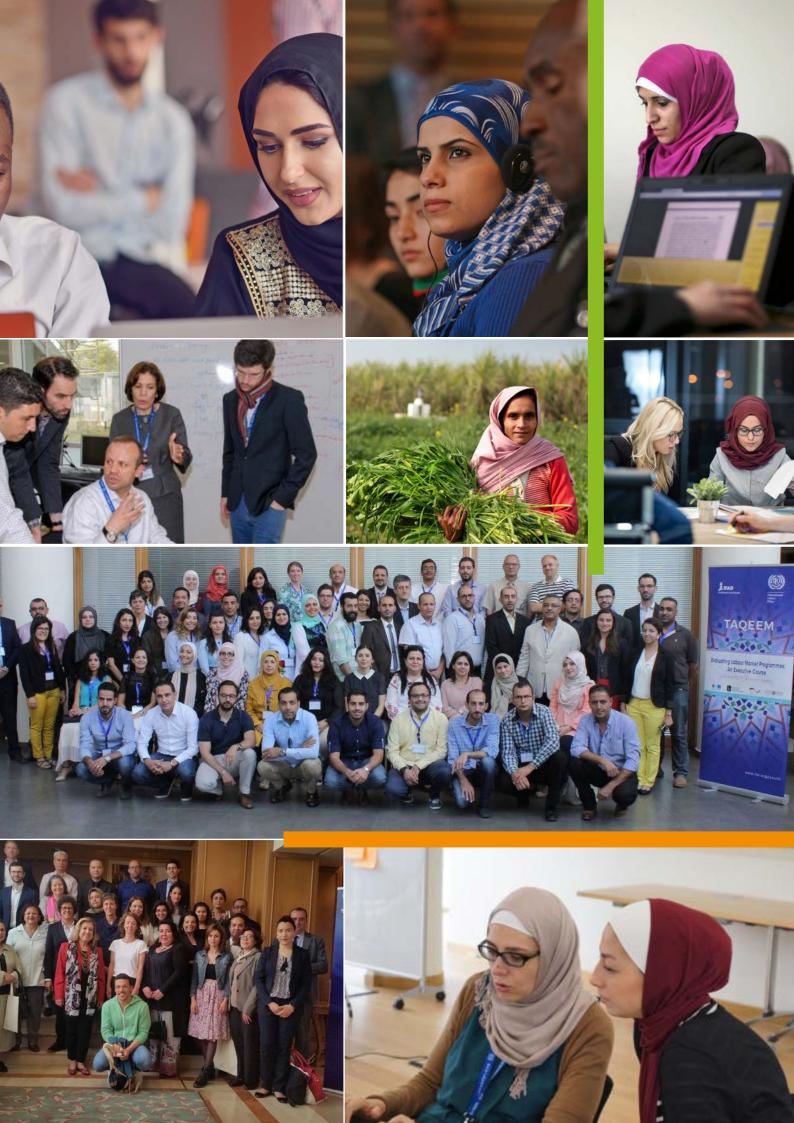




"Taqeem works with organizations ... it builds on what exists, fine tunes it and ensures ownership. Taqeem acts as a focal point or referral entity for the members of the Community of Practice and is well aware of the youth programming trends in the MENA region, its successes and challenges. I honestly do not see another entity being able to replace it."

- Brookings Doha Centre, Qatar





IMPACT RESEARCH:

What works in the promotion of decent jobs for young people



70 proposals

received from 23 countries



\$1,264,000

in seed funding awarded under the Fund for Evaluation in Employment



11 impact research

studies conducted



77,643 women and men

including rural populations, participated in the studies



WEAI

The Women's Empowerment in Agriculture Index piloted for the first time in the MENA region, in Tunisia



Women's Empowerment in Agriculture Index in Tunisia

Tunisia is considered a pioneer in the field of women's economic rights in the MENA region. However a WEAI survey led by Taqeem has found that women's economic empowerment in Tunisia remains low, despite a nationwide strengthening of legal protections.

The survey was conducted on a nationally representative sample of 1,150 households, 65% of whom live in cities and 35% live in rural areas. According to the analysis, the result is due to low levels of economic empowerment. However women in agricultural households are more empowered than those in

non-agricultural households, due to more agricultural women maintaining their own sources of income through better access to credit, asset ownership, agricultural production and sale of own produce. A lack of quality employment opportunities and entrenched social norms increases disempowerment. Rural women especially are prevented from engaging in many activities in the labour market because of incompatible working conditions.

The results of the survey were presented on 11 May 2018 by the Center of Arab Women for Training and Research (CAWTAR) and Tunisian Minister for Women, Family, Children and the Elderly, Néziha Laabidi (in photo).



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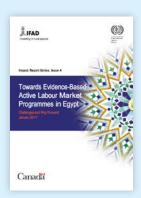
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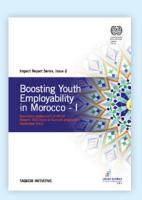
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EVIDENCE UPTAKE AND POLICY DIALOGUE:

Evidence for effective design and implementation of policies



11 policy briefs

and infographics published



6 high level

national roundtables held, with 213 participating policy makers



3 regional evidence symposia

held in partnership with Georgetown, INSEAD and Foreign Affairs Canada



213 policy makers

participated in the national roundtables



1 regional

5 year roadmap for youth employment in North Africa announced (Egypt, Tunisia, Morocco, Sudan, Algeria)



"Research and evidence are the headlights for policy-makers. They tell them where to go, where to optimize and where to leverage knowledge to make their interventions and programmes more effective".

- Human Resources Fund, Saudi Arabia



Policy influence in North Africa

In September 2017, the ILO, in partnership with the Taqeem Initiative, gathered government, worker and employer authorities responsible for youth and women's employment to a high level policy forum at ILO headquarters in Geneva, the "Youth and Employment in North Africa" (YENA) conference. The conference was attended by 40 high level delegates from North Africa, including 5 Ministers and deputy-ministers from Algeria, Egypt, Morocco, Sudan and Tunisia, and 10 heads of workers' and employers' organisations and 27 development partners. The conference approved a



'Roadmap for youth employment in North Africa' (2017-2022) and registered the commitments of the ILO's tripartite stakeholders and of key development partners to do more, and better on this central front for the development and stability of the region.

The conference drew broad and wide interest from the media, as well as on the social media. Daily Twitter feeds under the #YENA2017 hashtag were seen by over 2 million people.

Dr. Sahar Nasr (in photo), Minister of Investment and International Cooperation, Egypt, concluded the conference by announcing a Protocol for cooperation with ILO on a youth employment programme to secure decent employment for 1 million youth.

POLICY BRIEFS AND INFOGRAPHICS



Morocco: Young Women's Employment and Empowerment in the Rural Economy



Jordan: Young Women's Employment and Empowerment in the Rural Economy



Jordan: Establishing Day Care Centres in the Private Sector



MENA region: Promoting women's empowerment in the Middle East and North Africa



Egypt: Youth Employment Inventory (YEI)

